

Department of Addictology

First Faculty of Medicine and General University Hospital in Prague Charles University in Prague

Addictive behaviors: Prevention and treatment during COVID-19 epidemic







Roman Gabrhelík

Greetings

Thanks to









Webinare Outcomes

The attendees will be able to answer the following questions:

- 1. What target groups may be affected by the COVID-19 restrictions?
- 2. What types of risk behaviors call for attention of addiction professionals?
- 3. What steps to take to better the (post-)COVID-19 situation in our target groups?



We will talk about the current status of prevention of risk behaviors during the COVID-19 epidemic

Specifically, we will focus on:

- COVID-19 epidemic: Threat or opportunity?
- What can be done, how and by whom...
- Addiction institutional infrastructure
- Target groups affected by the COVID-19 restrictions
- Types of risk behaviors and what do we (not) know about them and the related risks
- Towards evidence-based decisions...
- Education and training prior, during (and after) the COVID-19 epidemic
- Q&A



Case study of one country in Europe – lessons learned



- It did not begin with the pandemic and it will not end with the return of children to schools.
- Many affected directly (death in the family, major changes in our lives...)
 - Saving lives
 - Reducing costs
- This is why societies apply strict regulations that affect our lives.
- During the Spring 2020 outbreak, it has been estimated that more than 1 billion of children worldwide were out of school or child care (Cluver et al., 2020).
- Key question: Haven't we forgot about children?

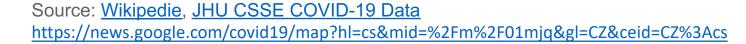


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- During the Spring 2020 outbreak, it has been estimated that more than 1 billion of children worldwide were out of school or child care (Cluver et al., 2020).
- Key question: Haven't we forgot about children? Sure, we did – at least in the CZech Republic!



COVID-19 epidemic: World / Czechia

Place	Total number of cases	New cases (1 day *)	New cases (last 60 days)	per 1 million people	Death
Whole world	127 319 002	614 489		16 374	2 785 838
Czechia	1 515 029	4 008		141 672	25 874





COVID-19 epidemic: World / Czechia

In Czechia, all schools were closed in reaction to COVID-19 outbreak twice in 2020:

- in March 11; the restrictions were slowly lifted by 20 April.
- in October 14; restriction continued until the end of November.

In 2021, distant schooling from:

- December 23, 2020, all grades except the 1st and 2nd grades.
- March 1, 2021, all grades in primary and secondary education.

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- The COVID-19 outbreak and the unprecedented restrictions decreed by the governments in many countries accentuated the negative trends of increased incidence of risk behaviors and mental health in all target groups.
- However (hopefully):
- Important impulse for introducing and speeding up positive changes in prevention.
- Improvement of (school-based) prevention policies and prevention interventions focused on rather unrecognized risk behaviors.
- Furhter strenghten already functional prevention infrastructure in Czechia
- SEPA

Online systém evidence preventivních aktivit

- Support the tendency to introduce *Prevention 4.0*
- e.g., via the online platform *System of Records of Prevention Activities*



What can be done, how and by whom...

A case study of the Czech Republic

...and what lessons can be learned?

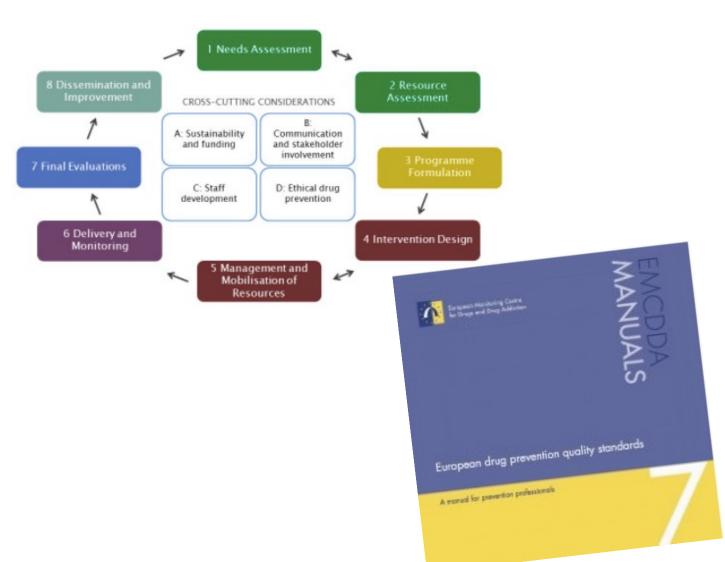


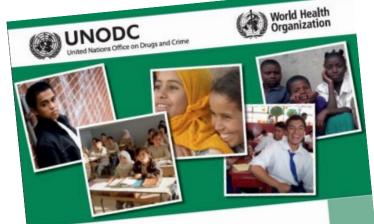
What can be done, how and by whom...

- Better question: What can I do and how can I contribute?
 - Let's not wait for them to do it.
- 1. Senzitization (Early?) problem detection
- 2. Research (providing evidence)
- 3. Sharing Communicating the evidence
- 4. Translating research into practice
- 5. Implementing the interventions
- 6. Training the implementers



Interventions meeting Quality Standards





International Standards on Drug Use Prevention

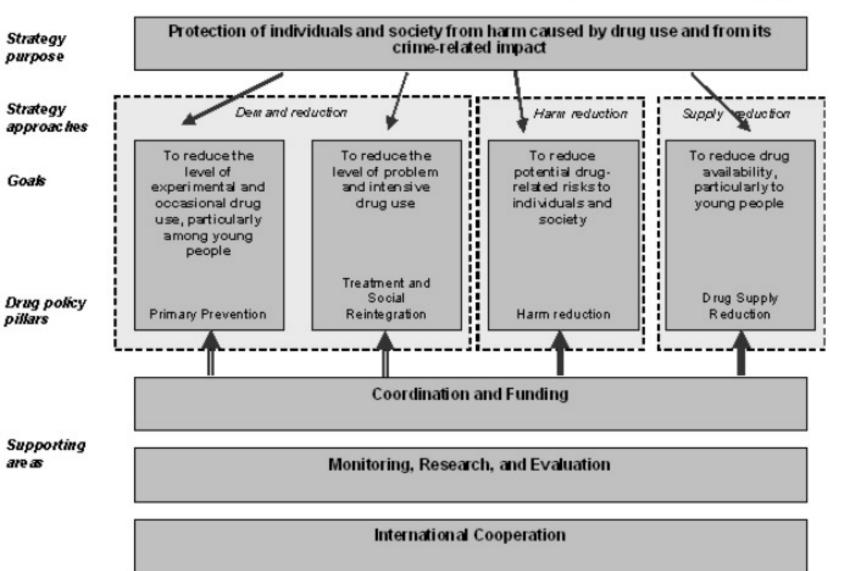
Second updated edition

Addiction institutional infrastructure

- ...in the Czech Republic
- ...and globally ©



The Czech drug strategy &treatment system



Type of programme

Out-patient medical psychiatric facilities

Out-patient non-medical facilities run by NGOs

Day-care facility for drug users

Registered medical doctors providing substitution

Substitution treatment provided by psychiatrists and GPs

Sobering-up stations

Drop-in centres and outreach programmes

Detoxification

Psychiatric hospitals for adults

Psychiatric wards in hospitals

Psychiatric hospitals for children

Other inpatient facilities with a psychiatric ward

Therapeutic communities

Specialised education facilities

Aftercare programmes

Detoxification in prisons

Substitution treatment in prisons

Departments for voluntary treatment in prisons

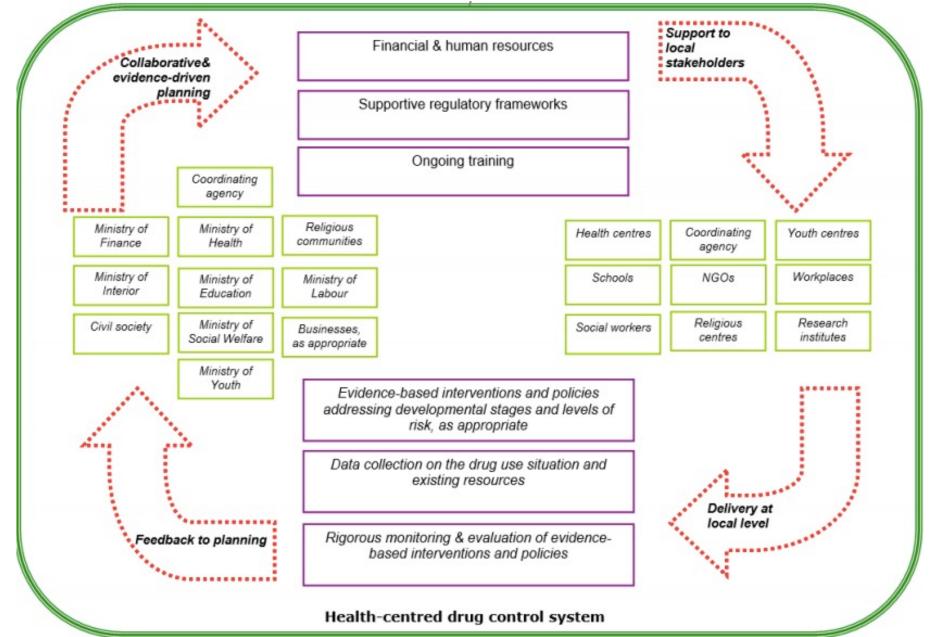
Departments for compulsory treatment in prisons

Drug-free zones in prisons

NGO programmes in prisons



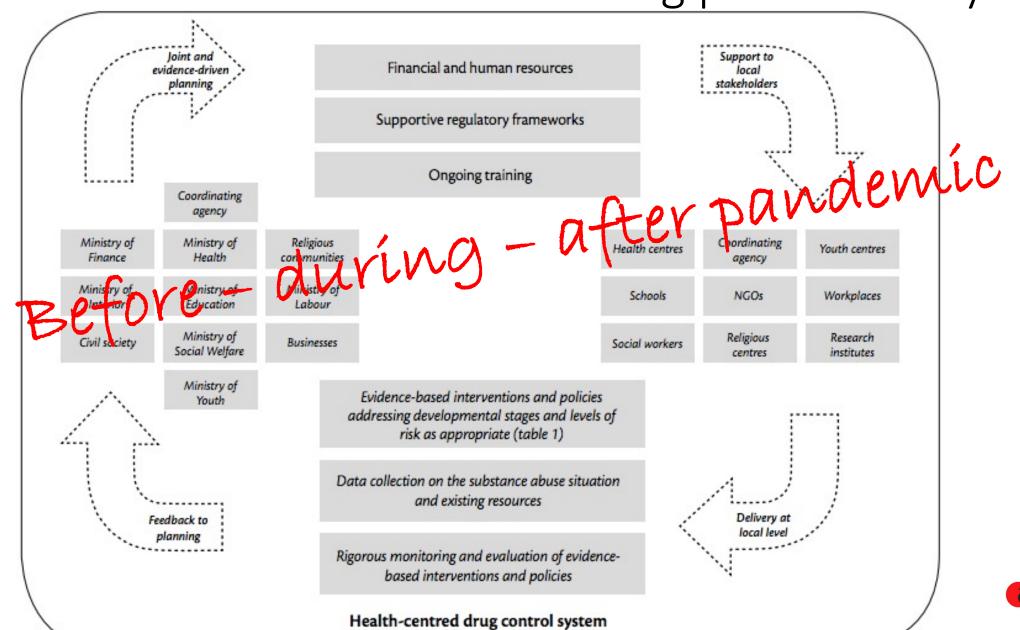
Organizational infrastructure of a drug prevention system





(Source: UNODC, 2015, p 37)

Organizational infrastructure of a drug prevention system

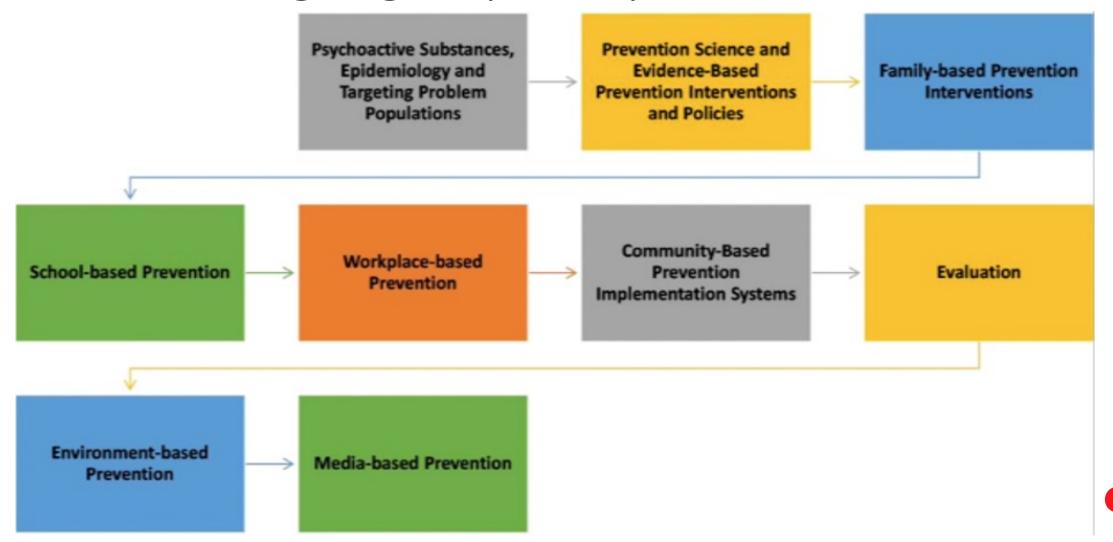




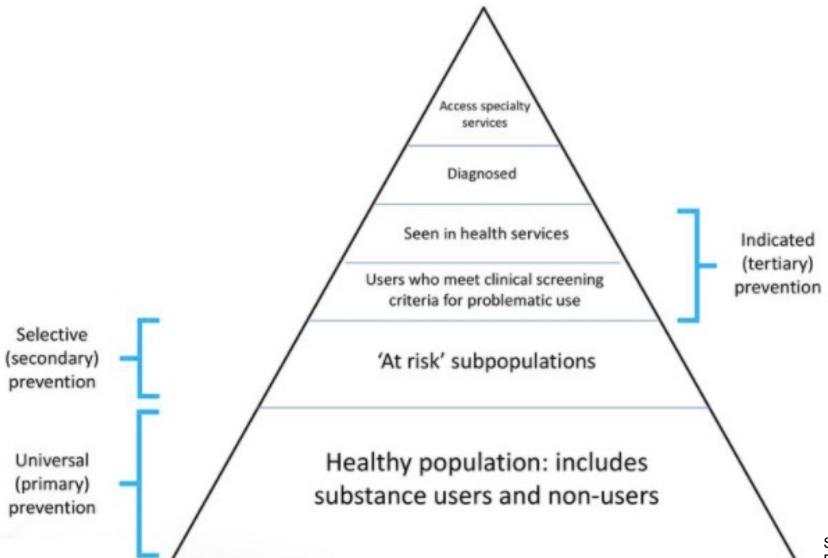
(Source: UNODC, 2015, p 59)

Target groups affected by the COVID-19 restrictions

Key areas in prevention: target groups vary in each one



Target groups





Source: Cameron Wild, Julie Bruneau, Benedikt Fischer, Evan Wood, 2017

School-based prevention target groups



- Children and adolescents
- Parents
- Teachers
- Other schoolrelated professions

Providers

- Schools
- Prevention professionals
- •School-related counselling
- centers
- •Police
- NGOs
- etc.



Types of risk behaviors and what do we (not) know about them and the related risks

One study as an example



Status and the needs in the field of school prevention of risk behaviors in the period of distant schooling



• Implementation period: 2 November - 30 November 2020 - output December 2020

 Conducted by: Department of Addictology, 1st Medical Faculty, Charles University and General Hospital in Prague, in cooperation with OSPRCH, Department of Psychology, PEDF, Charles University



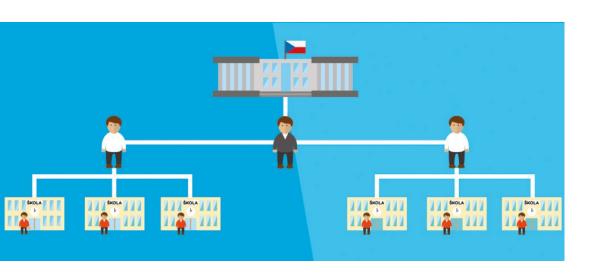


Online systém evidence preventivních aktivit

- Large sample
- 1778 primary/secondary edu
- (33% of all schools in the Czech Republic)



System of Records of Preventive Activities

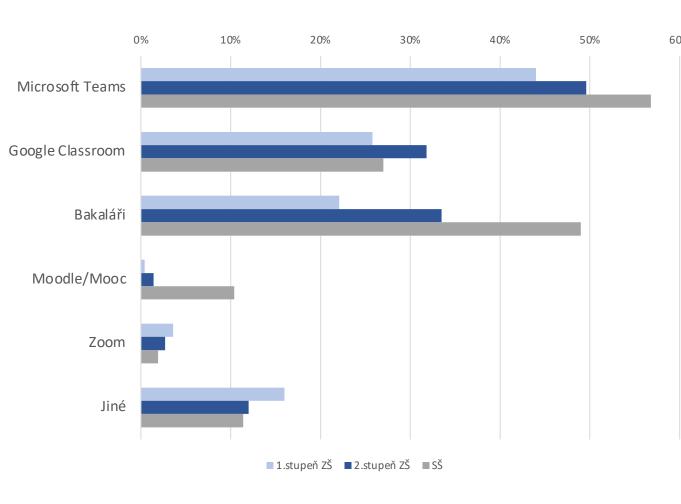


Online nástroj pro:
Plánování
Tvorbu preventivního programu škol
Sběr a evaulaci dat
Koordinaci systému

- It was launched in the school year 2014/2015,
- A nation-wide online platform that...
- provides the technical infrastructure needed to enter and record information about the implemented prevention interventions targeting all main types of risk behaviors in schools in Czechia.
- Easy access to information about school-based prevention on the:
 - Local
 - Regional
 - National levels

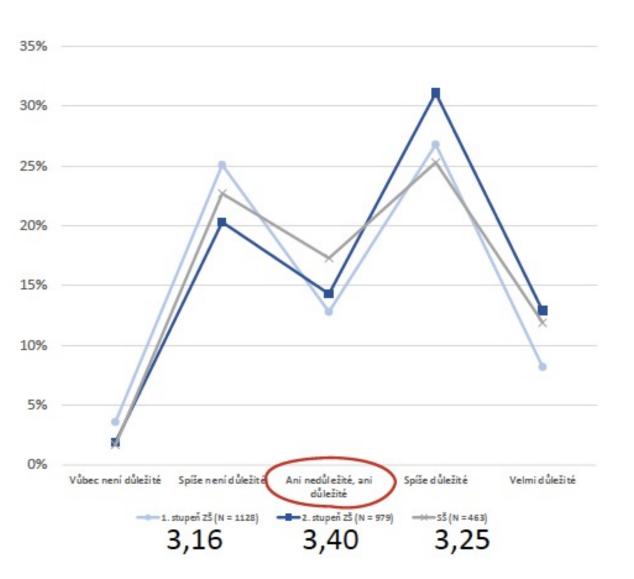


Readiness of the communication infrastructure for distant schooling and (online) prevention



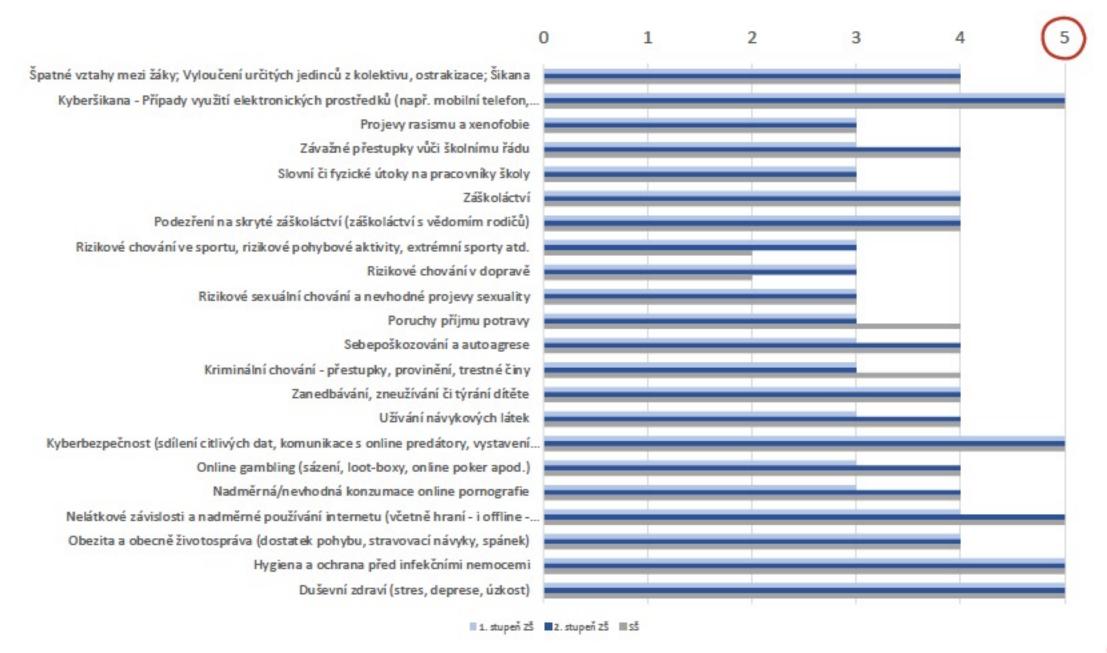
- In general, schools are well prepared for online communication
- The computer skills needed for online teaching and / or distant/online schoolbased prevention are required of children in the 3rd - 5th year of primary school
- Important information for choosing the form and method of delivery of prevention

Is prevention a priority?

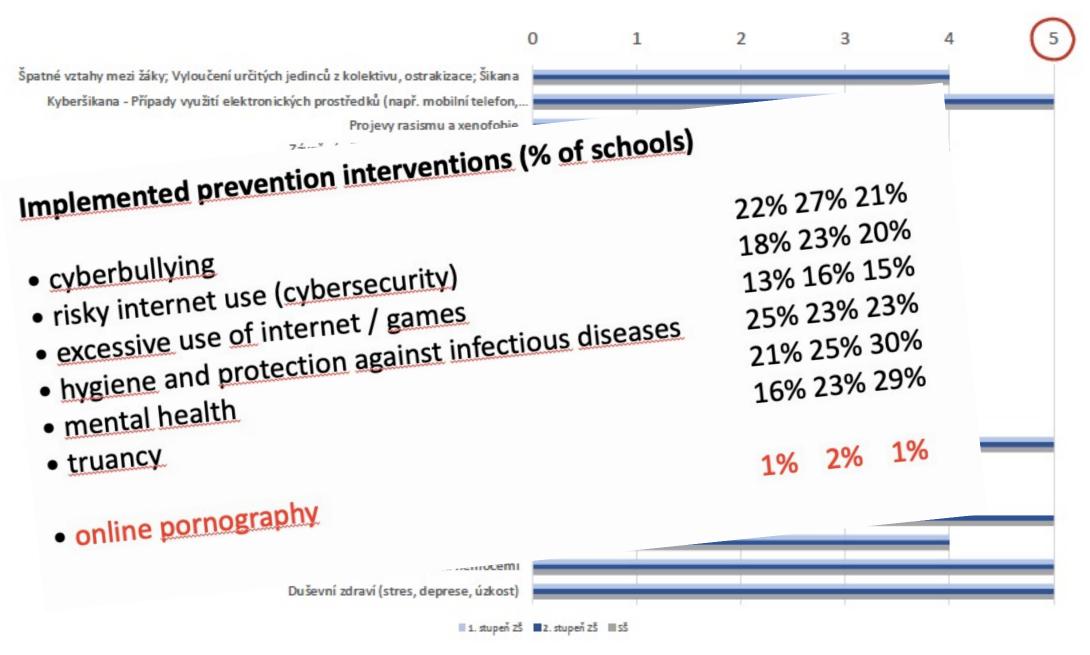


- "From the school's point of view, do you consider it necessary to implement a distant form of prevention in the current situation?"
- Finding: A large proportion of the school-based prevention specialists consider distant prevention as not so important or nor-either











During distance learning, create enough space for:

• Implementation of distant prevention interventions, especially for the most problematic types of risky behavior, i.e. non-substance addiction (gaming and social networks) and online pornography, in the field of mental health, cyberbullying and cybersecurity.

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- Support for the development of online tools and online forms of assistance
 - Materials are missing from key areas, especially for mental health and non-substance addiction.
 - School-based prevention professionals point to a lack of materials for parents.

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- Support for the development of online tools and online forms of assistance
 - Materials are missing from key areas, especially for mental health and non-substance addiction.
 - School-based prevention professionals point to a lack of materials for parents.
- Inclusion of activities aimed in addition to children at:
 - Parents
 - Educators Information and practical guides for psychohygiene



Towards evidence-based decisions...

Implications / Challenges

- Revise educational goals for the situation of distance learning
 - it is necessary to devote time to prevention of (digital / online) risks and mental health of children/adolescets and teachers.
- Distant prevention + more distant class group work.
- Parents as an important target group and mediators.
- Strengthen the role of the school counseling center.
- Communicate digital / online risk issues to school-based prevention specialists in the context of school-based prevention.
 - There is a lot of material, but it is not easy to find your way around.
- Develop primarily prevention interventions supporting the healthy use of technologies.



Delivering prevention interventions



Providers



- Non-substance (gaming and social networks)
- + online pornography
- mental health
- cyberbullying
- cybersecurity
- etc.

- Schools
- Prevention professionals
- •School-related counselling centers
- Police
- NGOs
- •etc.

- Children and adolescents
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Delivering prevention interventions



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•





National level document:

The procedure and implementation of measures during the COVID-19 epidemic for the prevention of risk behaviors and mental health promotion in schools

- Prepared by the Czech Government Council for the Coordination of Drug Policy.
- In cooperation with the Ministry of Health, the Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports, **CSPR**, Charles University etc.
- to improve the situation in children and COVID-19 pandemic and emergency measures in schools/distant schooling.
- The material contains a list of specific activities for the current situation within which it does not resign to existing system measures and conceptual materials in the field of prevention of risk behaviors.

nelátkových závislostí a duševního zdraví a pro cílovou skupinu rodičů). Nevýhodou také byla minimální nebo absentující příprava SMP na možné další období distanční výuky (jen

Za hlavní překážku realizace prevence rizikového chování lze považovat

- 1. Podpora práce v online prostředí za využití výsledků studie pro vytvoření koncepce distanční školské prevence na různých úrovních preventivní infrastruktury vertikálně (školy a ŠMP, metodik prevence v pedagogicko-psychologických poradnách, krajský školský koordinátor prevence, MSMT) a horizontálně, a to zejména:
 - podpora šíření online nástrojů a online forem pomoci (pro úrovně všeobecné, selektivní i indikované prevence), zejména pak u relativně nových forem rizikového chování (zejm. nelátkové závislosti, problematické užívání internetu apod.),
 - strukturovaná nabídka pomoci, v rámci které bude obsažena psychohygiena, a to pro různé cílové skupiny:
 - žáci a studenti,
 - elektronizace prevence v podobě ucelených kvalitních produktů, které budou moci ŠMP snadno využívat; nelze očekávat, že by příprava těchto komplexních nástrojů pro prevenci
 - tvorba informačních materiálů, infografik a vlastních strukturovaných preventivních programů zaměřených prioritně na nejvíce problematické typy rizikového chování. Materiály chybí z klíčových oblastí hlavně pro oblast duševního zdraví a nelátkových závislostí. Así polovina SMP pocituje celkově nedostatek materiálů, které by mohly poskytnout rodičům. Školy (a ŠMP) by též uvítaly informace a praktické návody pro psychohygienu pedagogů,
 - rozvoj podmínek pro metodické vedení a podpora všech pater vertikální prevence, včetně přípravy krizových plánů pro zachování realizace školské prevence pro období zásadních změn ve výuce (jen 12 % SMP uvedlo, že bylo dobře připravených na další vlnu
 - 2. Vyvážení priorit mezi nároky na předávání znalostí a podpory duševní pohody a zdraví dětí (rodičů a pedagogů).

Neřešené problémy se vrací (mnohdy s časovým odstupem), např. pokud nelátkové závislosti a rizika spojená s pobytem na internetu nebudou adresovány v dostatečné míře a adekvátně věku, může to mít vážné následky pro další život i vzdělávání dětí a žáků.



Education and training prior, during (and after) the COVID-19 epidemic

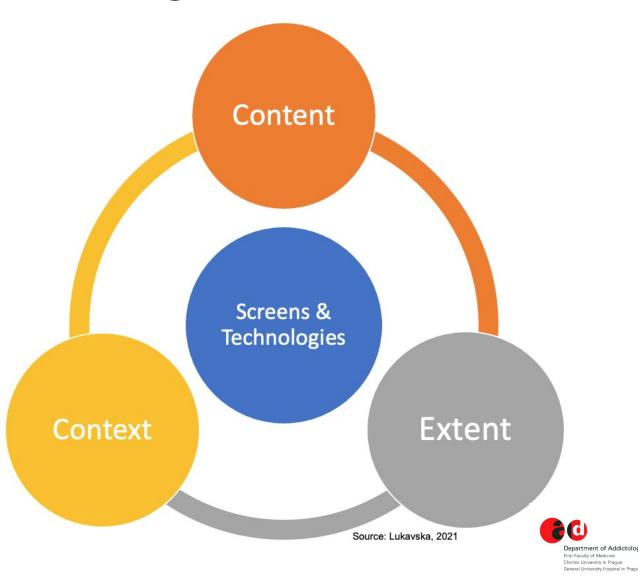
• + map of services

3 examples



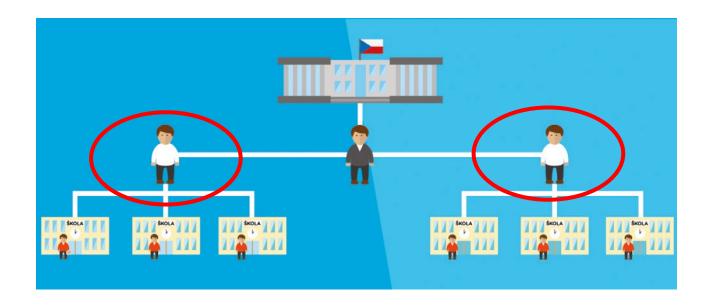
Problematic Use of Technologies and Screens

- The COVID-19 outbreak accentuated the negative trends of increased incidence of problematic use of the internet or screen devices in children and adolescents.
 - use of social networks, gaming disorder, smartphone addiction, problematic use of pornography, cyberbullying or at-risk internet use.
- This increase is partly because of distant schooling (and restrictions related to pandemic lockdowns) causing that children and adolescents spend more time online and with screens in general.
- In addition, some of these activities might be used in excess to reduce stress and anxiety related to COVID-19 crisis (Boursier et al., 2020; Király et al., 2020).



Training during (immediate help)

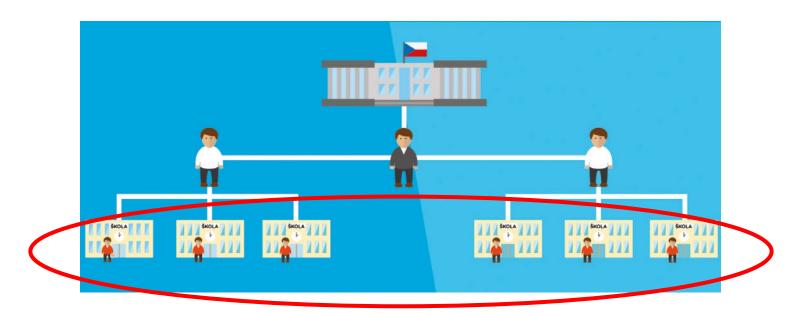
- We decided to better train:
- 1. **Prevention Specialists** in the specialized Psychology-Pedagogical Centeres (selective and indicated prevention)





Training during (immediate help)

- We decided to better train:
- 1. **Prevention Specialists** in the specialized Psychology-Pedagogical Centeres (selective and indicated prevention)
- 2. School-based Prevention Specialists (universal prevention)



Training during (immediate help)

- (School-based) prevention specialists should be:
 - (i) provided with the quality and easy-to-use screening instruments for various types of screen-related risk behaviors and various age groups,
 - (ii) instructed to systematically screen for these risk behaviors,
 - (iii) provided with materials to be used with children, parents, other teaching staff, and
 - (iv) knowledgeable of contacts to further specialized care in the area.



Digitální rizika

- Účastníci
- Odznaky
- ✓ Kompetence
- Známky
- □ Úvod

☐ Vítejte v kurzu

- Téma 1: Přehled digitálních rizik a jak je adresovat ve školské prevenci
- Téma 2
- Téma 3: Rizikové používání internetu mladšími dětmi
- D Obsahy pro starší děti (II. st. ZŠ a SŠ)
- Téma 6: Problematické užívání digitálních technologií (závislosti, poruchy)

Prevence Online Rizik a negativních vlivů Technologií a Obrazovek (PORTO)

Nástěnka / Moje kurzy / Digitální rizika / Vítejte v kurzu / Úvodní video - Kateřina Lukavská, PhD.

Úvodní video - Kateřina Lukavská, PhD.



Oznámení

\$ Přejít na...

Nadměrné / nevhodné užívání obrazovek mladšími dětmi >

Jste přihlášení jako Roman Gabrhelík: Student (Vrátit se k mé obvyklé roli)

Digitální rizika

Souhrn uchovávaných dat

Stáhněte si mobilní aplikaci





6 -10 let

Pro děti v tomto věku zákazy a příkazy často nefungují a vyúsťují spíše v negativní konsekvence, jako jsou tendence dítěte porušovat a nerespektovat pravidla, na jejichž tvorbě se nemělo možnost podílet, neochota tato témata s rodiči řešit a snaha své online aktivity skrývat.

Proto je lepší dětem možné problémy
a rizika vysvětlovat, otevřeně
diskutovat a přizvat je k tvorbě
rodinných pravidel okolo používání
technologií. Tato pravidla by pak měli
respektovat všichni členové
domácnosti.



Child and adolescent "addictology"



Home O nás ∨ Aktuálně Činnosti Dokumenty Média Chci se zapojit Spolupracujeme Kontakt Q





DĚTSKÁ A DOROSTOVÁ ADIKTOLOGIE

Sekce Společnosti pro návykové nemoci ČLS JEP

Zlínský kraj

Domů Aktuality Služby dle krajů v Služby dle zaměření v Kontakt Hlavní město Praha Jihočeský kraj Jihomoravský kraj Vítejte Karlovarský kraj Kraj Vysočina Vítejte na našich s rá vznikla jako informační web za lužeb v oblasti Královéhradecký kraj dětské adiktologie Liberecký kraj V jednotlivých sek a kontakty na Moravskoslezský kraj jednotlivé služby, e závislostí u Olomoucký kraj dětských a dospív Pardubický kraj Víte-li o službě, kt kách není, Plzeňský kraj prosím, napište ná lno.cz Středočeský kraj Ústecký kraj



Sekce Společnosti pro návykové nemoci ČLS JEP

Domů

Aktuality

Služby dle krajů v

Služby dle zaměření 🗡

Kontakt

Vítejte

Vítejte na našich stránkách dada-info.cz, informační web zaměřený na síť odborný dětské adiktologie.

V jednotlivých sekcích naleznete informa jednotlivé služby, které se věnují problen dětských a dospívajících klientů.

Víte-li o službě, která dosud na našich st prosím, napište nám na adresu ada@zsiSpecializované ambulance

Stacionáře

Detox

Psychiatrické nemocnice nemocnice s odděleními dětské a dorostové psychiatrie

Dětský domov se školou

Terapeutické komunity

SVP

Věznice pro mladistvé

Nízkoprahová zařízení

Ostatní





INEP

Education prior / after

Introduction to Evidence-based Prevention

a.

The UPC-Adapt on-line training is delivering up-to-date information in the field of prevention science.

- This course is available immediately. The course does not have a start and end date. You can start right away or at a time that suits you.
- This course is free of charge. There is no need to pay for this course.
- Work through at your own pace. You can spend as long as you like on this course.
- Register to start. Sign up, track your progress and work towards a Certificate of completion.

Tutors





Username / email	Log in using your account on:
Osername / email	Shibboleth Login
Password	G Google
Remember username	Some courses may allow guest access
Log in	Log in as a guest
	Forgotten your username or password?
	Cookies must be enabled in your browser ?
	login shibboleth

Is this your first time here?

For full access to this site, you first need to create an account.

Create new account



Certifiticate and/or 3 ECT credits (for Universities)

- Moodle platform
 - 10 e-learning lectures
 - 40+ hours of training
- All materials in English
- Voiced over by an English native
- Certifiticate + Supplement 3 ECT credits
- + Syllabus available



CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION

Roman Gabrhelik

has successfuly completed the course

Introduction to Evidence-based Prevention

Assoc. Prof. Roman Gabrhelík, Ph.D.

7 October 2020

Assoc. Prof. Roman Gabrhelík, Ph.D.

Lead lecturer

First Faculty of Medicine, Charles University

CHARLES UNIVERSITY
Ovocný trh 3/5, 116 36 Prague 1, Czech Republic

CHARLES UNIVERSIT

CERTIFICATE SUPPLEMENT

The purpose of this supplement is to provide sufficient independent data to improve the international transparency and fair academic and professional recognition of qualifications.

Course title: Introduction to Evidence-based Prevention

Code: B03072

Guaranteed by: Department of Adictology, First Faculty of Medicine, Charles University

and General University Hospital in Prague (11-00611)

ECTS: 3 ECT

Standard length of course: 40 hours (30 hours + 10 of additional activities)

Language: Engl

Mode of study: Distant, e-learning course

Enrolment method: self enrolment via internet sign-up

Capacity: Unlimited

Type of evaluation: Examination – Final test passed

rofessional status: No professional status

dditional information about the providing institution:

epartment of Addictology

at Faculty of Medicine

harles University and General Teaching Hospital

rague, Czech Republic

oformation on the contents:

nnotation

his course provides basic information about drug prevention. It focuses on the importance of revention, the theoretical backround, terminology, levels of prevention, evaluation, monitoring, quality in revention and other key issues in prevention.

Course structure

The Course is divided into 10 lectures:

Lecture 1: Introduction

Lecture 2: Substances, Epidemiology and Problem Populations

Lecture 3: Prevention Science and Evidence-Based Prevention Interventions and Policies

Lecture 4: Family-based Prevention Interventions

Lecture 5: School-based Prevention

Lecture 6: Workplace-based Prevention

Lecture 7: Community-Based Prevention Implementation Systems

Lecture 8: Environment-Based Prevention

Lecture 9: Media-Based Prevention

Lecture 10: Monitoring and Evaluation





Summary: Remember the Learning Outcomes?

You were promised to be able to explain:

- 1. What target groups are affected by the COVID-19 restrictions.
- 2. What types of risk behaviors call for attention of addiction professionals?
- 3. What steps to take to better the (post-)COVID-19 situation in our target groups?



Delivering prevention interventions



Providers



- Non-substance (gaming and social networks)
- + online pornography
- mental health
- cyberbullying
- cybersecurity
- etc.

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Parents

Teachers



Delivering prevention interventions











Department of Addictology

First Faculty of Medicine and General University Hospital in Prague Charles University in Prague



Děkuji za pozornost

roman.gabrhelik@lf1.cuni.cz

References

- Cameron Wild, Julie Bruneau, Benedikt Fischer, Evan Wood. Canadian Research Initiative in Substance Misuse Prevention. Prevention and Treatment Sub-Working Group Meeting, February 7, 2017. Retrieved from: https://slideplayer.com/slide/12663990/
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- Király, O., Potenza, M. N., Stein, D. J., King, D. L., Hodgins, D. C., Saunders, J. B., Griffiths, M. D., Gjoneska, B., Billieux, J., Brand, M., Abbott, M. W., Chamberlain, S. R., Corazza, O., Burkauskas, J., Sales, C. M. D., Montag, C., Lochner, C., Grünblatt, E., Wegmann, E., ... Demetrovics, Z. (2020). Preventing problematic internet use during the COVID-19 pandemic: Consensus guidance. Comprehensive Psychiatry, 100, 152180. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.comppsych.2020.152180